Forms of Provocation

More Conventional	More Unconventiona
• Tell a story	Ask systemic questions
Ask question	• Use unusual metaphor
• Ask someone to self-reflect	• Use psychodrama to illustrate
• Ask people for more than an interpretation	Request trial behaviourUse analogy e.g. medical trials
• Ask for specification of a general comment	 Act as a non-verbal mirror of people's non-verbals
Encourage deeper diagnosisAsk how ripe is the issue	Restrain changeDirect people to go slow
• Ask someone to make assumptions explicit	• Prescribe symptom e.g. mistrust
• Name default roles	• Use paradox
• Remove clarity and structure	• Make purposeful mistakes
• Reorder agreed priorities	• Be deliberately inattentive
• Make strong interpretation	• Refuse to answer a question
• Identify difference between values and behaviour	Utilise resistanceCall people's attention to
• Give hard news and don't protect people	irresponsible behaviour
• Describe 'elephant in the room'	• Use powerful image/metaphor to illustrate e.g. 'virus'
 Invite people to consider their actions as evidence of their intentions 	